

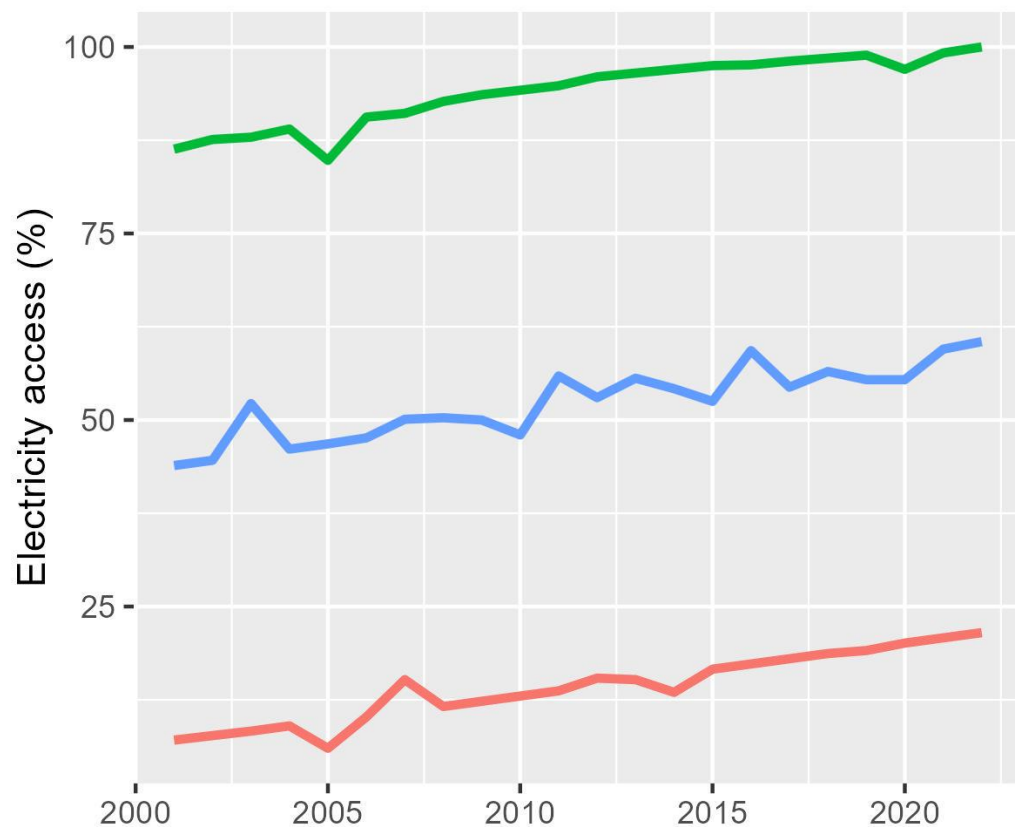
# BENCHMARKING PROGRESS ON SDG INDICATORS



**WORLD BANK GROUP**

October 23, 2024

# Which country has made most progress in electricity access?



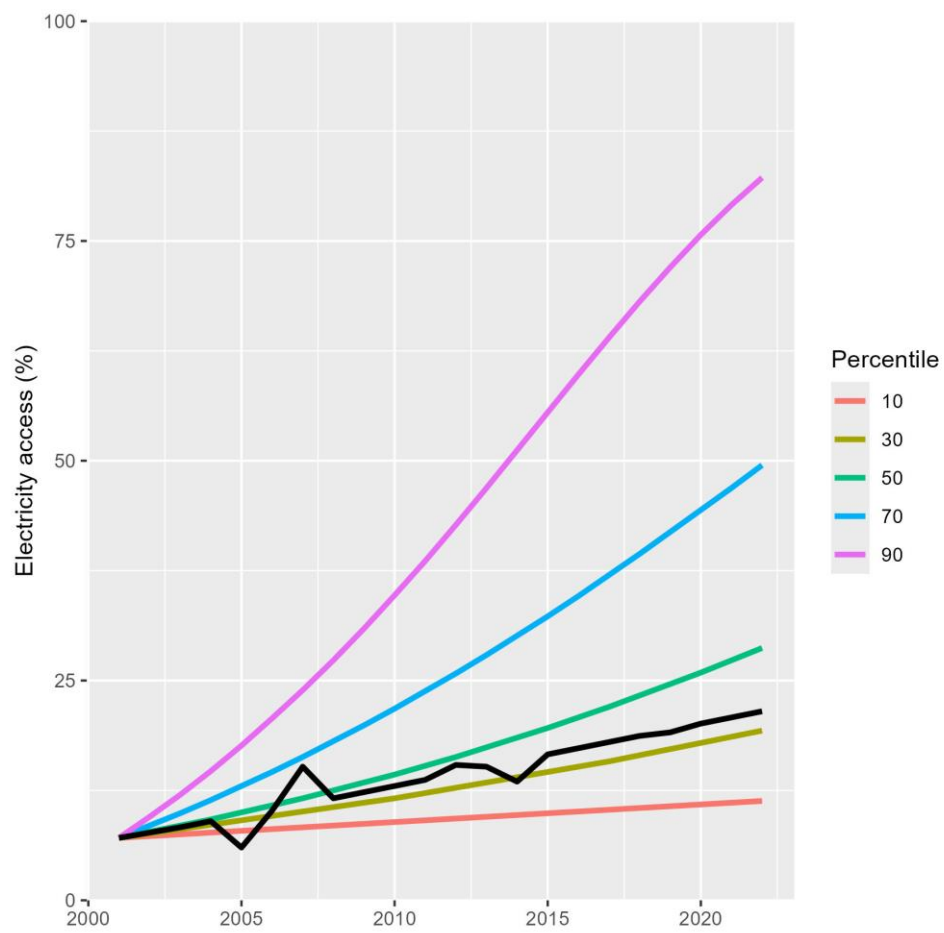
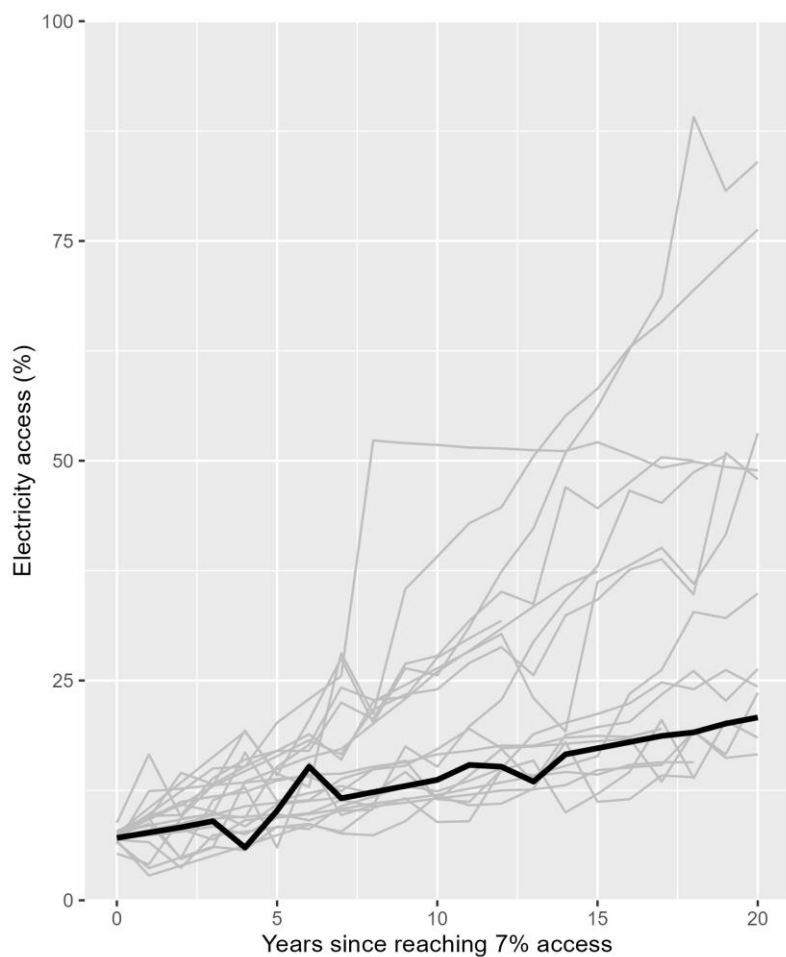
— Congo, Dem. Rep. — Indonesia — Nigeria

	Annual change (pct. points)
Congo, Dem. Rep.	0.68
Indonesia	0.65
Nigeria	0.78

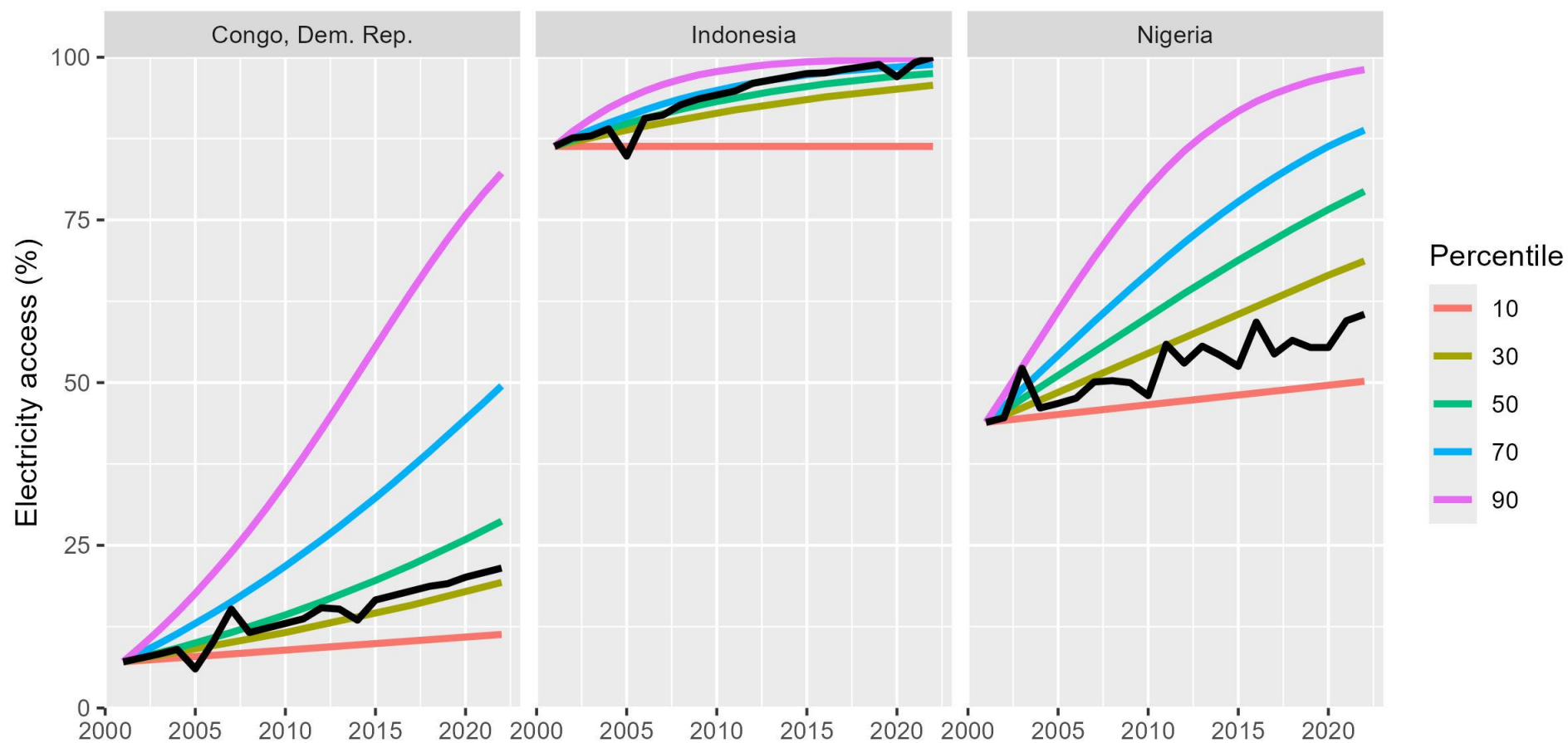
## Some indicators bounded between 0 and 100

- 1.1.1: Proportion of the population living below the international poverty line
- 2.1.1: Prevalence of undernourishment
- 3.1.2: Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel
- 4.1.2: Primary education completion rate
- 5.2.2: Proportion of women and girls subjected to sexual violence
- 6.1.1: Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services
- 7.1.1: Proportion of population with access to electricity
- 8.6.1: Share of youth not in education, employment or training
- 9.1.1: Proportion of rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road
- 10.2.1: Proportion of people living below 50 percent of median income
- 11.1.2: Proportion of urban population living in slums or informal settlements
- 12.5.1: National recycling rate
- 13.1.3: Proportion of local governments that adopt local disaster risk reduction strategies
- 14.4.1: Proportion of fish stocks within biologically sustainable levels
- 15.3.1: Proportion of land that is degraded over total land area
- 16.1.4: Proportion of population that feel safe walking alone in the area they live
- 17.8.1: Proportion of individuals using the Internet

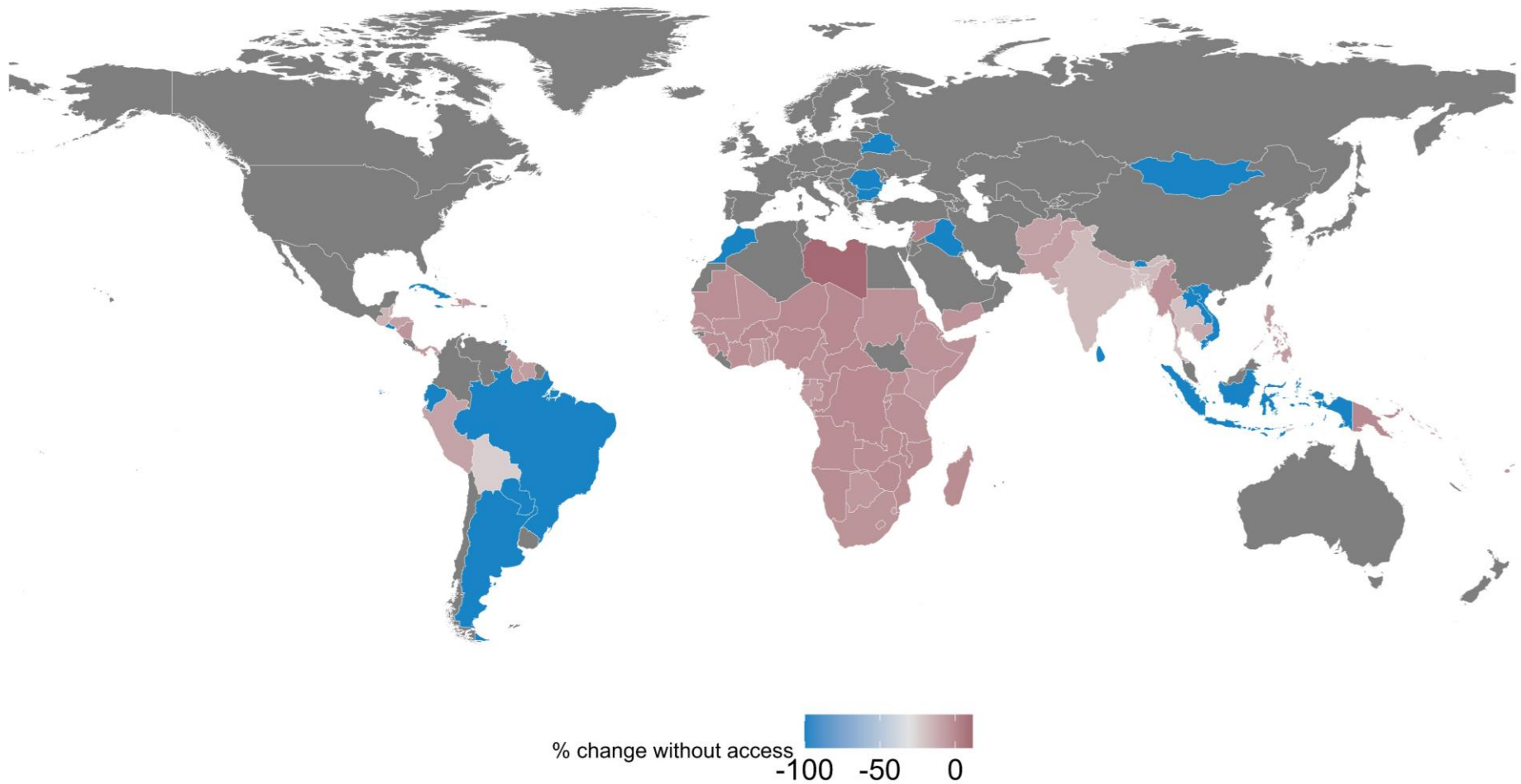
## Other countries in the shoes of DRC



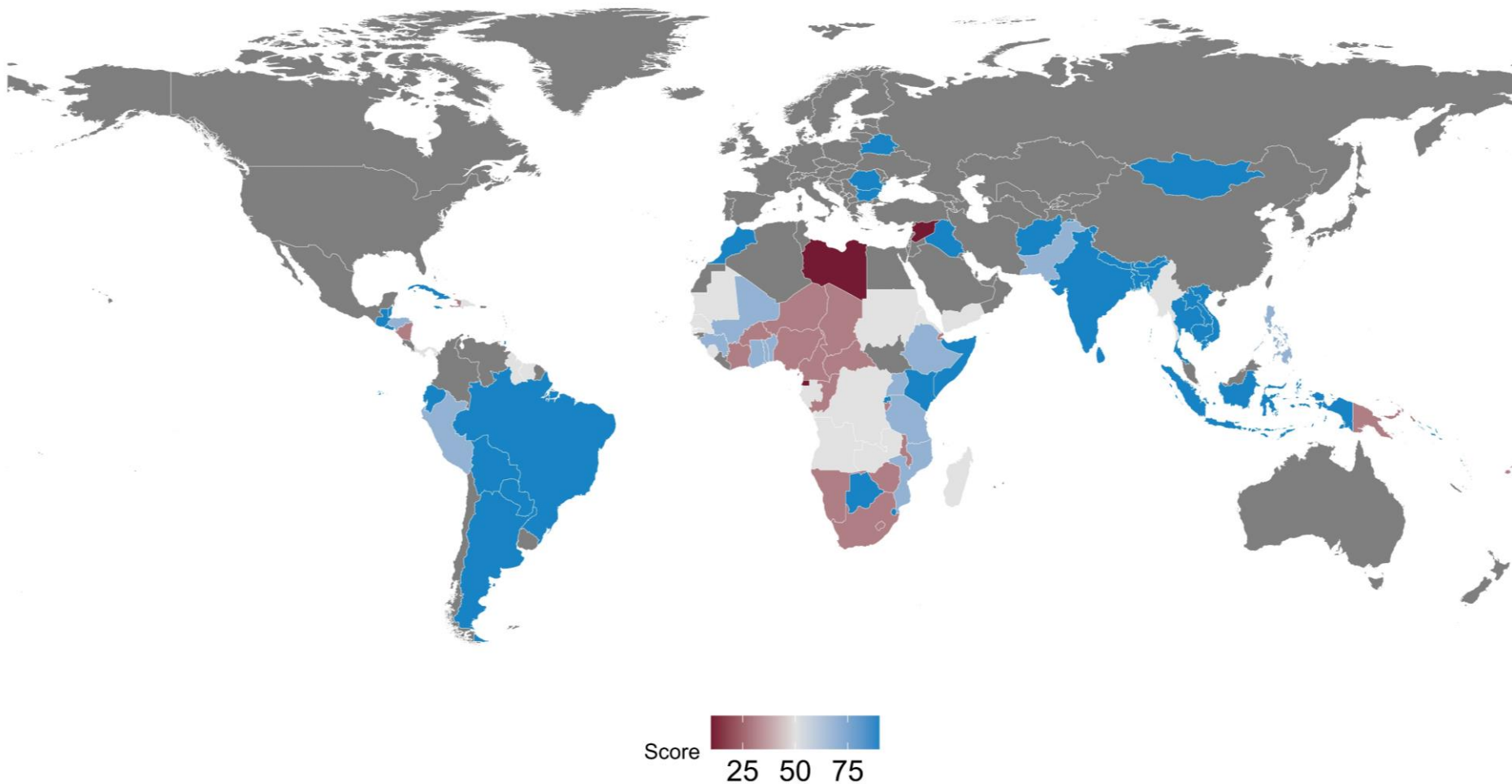
# Benchmarking the performance of DRC, Indonesia, and Nigeria



## Percentage decline in share without electricity access



## Percentile scores



# Future electricity rates at various levels of ambition

